hess Rules

• For 2 Players Ages 10 & Up

Game Board, 16 ivor y and 16 black Play Pieces Object: To threaten your opponent 's King so it cannot escape.

Play Pieces: Ivor v Plav Pieces: Black Play Pieces: Bishop Ranks are the rows of squares that run horizontally on the Game

Set Up: Å A Å

Terms: Board and Files are the columns that run vertically. Diagonals run diagonally.

Position the Game Board so that the red square is at the bottom right corner for each player . Place the Ivor y Play Pieces on the first rank from left to right

in order: Rook, Knight, Bishop, Queen, King, Bishop, Knight and Rook. Place all of the Pawns on the second rank. Then place the Black Play Pieces on the board as shown in the diagram. Note: the Ivor on a red square and the black Queen will be on a black space.

Ivory always plays first. Players alternate turns. Only one Play Piece may be moved on a turn, except when castling (see description on back). All Play Pieces must move in a straight path, except for the Knight. Also, the Knight is the only Play Piece that is allowed to jump over another Play Piece.

Play Piece Moves:



A Pawn moves for ward one square at a time. There are two exceptions to this rule:

- 1. On a Pawn 's first move, it can move for ward one or two squares.
- 2. When capturing a piece (see description on back), a Pawn moves one square diagonally ahead.

At the beginning of the game, the Pawn is the least valuable Play Piece. But, when a Pawn reaches the other side of the board it can be converted into any Play Piece except for the King.



The Knight is the only Play Piece that can jump over another Play Piece. Knights move three squares at a time: two spaces for ward or backward, then one space left or right, or two spaces to the left or right, then one space for ward or backward. The move looks like the letter L. The Knight always ends up landing on a square opposite the color from which it started.



The Bishop moves diagonally as many open squares as you like. The Bishop must remain on the same color square as it started the game on.



The Rook moves in a straight line, horizontally or vertically as many open squares as you like. Besides the Queen, the Rook is the next most power ful Play Piece.

The Queen is the most power ful of the Play Pieces. The Queen moves in any direction (horizontally, vertically or diagonally) as many open squares as you like.

The King is the most important Play Piece, because if it becomes trapped, you 'll lose the game. The King moves one square in any direction, as long as it doesn 't put itself in Check.

You are in Check if an opponent 's Play Piece is in a position on the board to capture your King. To save your King from Check you must do one of the following:

- 1. Move the King out of the way of the opponent 's Play Piece.
- 2. Move another one of your Play Pieces to block your opponent.
- 3. Capture the opponent 's Play Piece that is threatening your King.

Checkmate: When your King cannot be saved from Check, it 's called Checkmate and you lost the game. Checkmate means "the King is dead " in Persian.

Capturing: When you move one of your Play Pieces and it ends on an opponent 's Play Piece, you capture it and remove it from the Game Board.

Capturing en passant: If a Pawn lands next to an opponent 's Pawn after moving two spaces on its first move, it can be captured en passant. The opponent 's Pawn, on its next turn only , can be moved diagonally to the space behind the first Pawn, capturing it.

This is a special move for the King and either Rook and is the only time two Play Pieces can move on one turn. It helps to protect the King and positions the Rook toward the center of the Game Board. To castle, slide the Rook to the space next to the King. Move the King to the other side of the Rook.

To castle:

- 1. This must be the first move for both the King and the Rook.
- 2. No other Play Pieces can be between the King and the Rook.
- 3. The King can 't be in Check, either before or after the castle.
- 4. The King can 't be in Check on any of the spaces that it passes over during the castle.

W inning: If you put your opponent 's King in Check so he can 't escape, call Checkmate ... you win!

Ties: If neither player can win, players can agree to draw

If a player 's King is not in Check, but any possible move places him in Check, it 's a Stalemate.